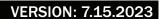




UNITED SCORING GLOSSARY OF TERMS

TERM	DEFINITION
Assisted (Stunt - Coed Style)	A coed style stunt becomes assisted if at any point the spotter touches the base and/or top person, including the dip for the dismount.
Combination Pass (Tumbling)	Multiple skills that are continuous and do not involve elements that would break it up into multiple passes. <u>Example:</u> Level 1 – Back Walkover Series or FWO - CW - BWO
Combination Skills (Stunt)	Two or more skills are simultaneously performed to make one transitional style skill. <u>Example:</u> Full Twisting Tic-Toc
Connected Pass (Tumbling)	Two or more passes that are broken up by; step(s), chasse/sashay, rebound step, a pause, etc. This does not include a jump within a pass. <u>Example:</u> Level 3 – Punch Front Chasse or Step FWO - RO - BHS - Tuck
Connected Skills (Stunt)	Two or more skills are performed in sequence to each other.
Cumulative (General)	Multiple skills performed throughout the routine.
Dismount (Stunt)	The ending movement from a stunt or pyramid that is released to a cradle or released to the performance surface.
Extension (Stunt)	A stunt at the extended level where the top person is held in a standing vertical position.
Hands (Stunt - Coed Style)	A single-based stunt at prep level where the top person is supported under both feet and is held in a standing vertical position by 1 base, who is standing on the performance surface.
Inversion Style (Stunt)	An athlete has at least one foot above the waist/hips, and the head/shoulders are below the waist/hips throughout the initiation (bottom of the dip) of the skill.





UNITED SCORING GLOSSARY OF TERMS

TERM	DEFINITION
Lib (Stunt)	A single-leg stunt in which the base(s) hold 1 foot of the top person's supported leg while the top person's unsupported leg is bent, and the foot is placed next to the knee. <u>Clarification:</u> Both knees of the top person are facing forward/same direction.
Load Position (Stunt - Coed Style)	A position where the top person has both feet on the performance surface, hands on the base's wrists, and the base has hands on the top person's waist.
Prep Stunt (Stunt)	A stunt at prep level where the top person is held in a standing vertical position. This would NOT include the following: flat back, straddle sit, T-lift, shoulder stand/sit, or other similar variations at prep level.
Release Style (Stunt)	Top person and bases break contact to execute a building skill. Release skills need to release from and return to the same base/bases. In levels 1, 2, and 3, skills will resemble a released skill where a spotter may maintain contact except for on the foot. Clarification: For release style skills combined with twisting skills where the bases cannot fully release the top person, a base may start under the foot of the top person if that foot is in the lib position and the skill still resembles the look of a release style stunt.
Ripple (Stunt and Toss Difficulty)	Two or more groups perform a skill(s) in pattern, sequential order, on pre-determined counts. <u>Clarification:</u> A single group cannot count more than once in a ripple.
Same Section (General)	A single portion of the routine where skills from a skill set are performed.
Structure (Pyramid)	Two or more top people in stunts connect, pause, and show a defined position. This is also commonly referred to as a "picture."
Synchronized (General)	The same skill is performed at the same time by two or more athletes/groups.
Twisting (Stunt)	Transitions that twist into, during, or out of a stunt – based upon the hip rotation of the top person throughout the initiation (bottom of the dip) of the skill. After the skill initiates, movement of the bases is allowed.
Unassisted (Stunt - Coed Style)	Top person and base perform a coed style stunt without any assistance, including the dip for the dismount. <u>Clarification:</u> Assisting with the catch of the dismount is allowed.